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| APPLICATION NO.                            | FILING DATE  | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR |        |                                      | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. |  |
|--|--------------|----------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 09/398,399                                 | 09/17/99     | DELENSTARR           |        |                                      | 10981620-1          |  |
|  |              |                      | $\neg$ |                                      | EXAMINER            |  |
|  |              | HM22/1107            |        | game nga game, gara game, game, da j | : V''.              |  |
| IP ADMINISTRATION<br>LEGAL DEPARTMENT 20BN |              |                      |        | SISSON<br>ART UNIT                   | PAPER NUMBER        |  |
| MEWLETT PAC<br>F O BOX 103                 | KARD COMPANY | •                    |        | 1655<br>DATE MAILED:                 | 17                  |  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks** 

|  | Application No.                           | Applicant(s)                         |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Office Action Summary  | 09/398,399                                | DELENSTARR ET AL.                    |  |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner                                  | Art Unit                             |  |  |  |  |
| ·  | Bradley L. Sisson                         | 1655                                 |  |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication appe<br>Period for Reply  | ars on the cover sheet with the co        | rrespondence address                 |  |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.   | ' IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>3</u> MONTH(        | (S) FROM                             |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.</li> <li>If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days</li> </ul> | cation.                                   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory  | period will apply and will expire SIX (6) | MONTHS from the mailing date of this |  |  |  |  |
| communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by  Status  | y statute, cause the application to becom | e ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).       |  |  |  |  |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 S</u>   | September 2000 and 11 October             | 2000                                 |  |  |  |  |
|  | s action is non-final.                    | <u> </u>                             |  |  |  |  |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under the  | nce except for formal matters, pr         |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>10-32 and 34-49</u> is/are pending in the  | application.                              | ·<br>·                               |  |  |  |  |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav  | wn from consideration.                    |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>10-32 and 34-49</u> is/are rejected.   |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 8) Claims are subject to restriction and/or  | election requirement.                     |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Application Papers   |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine   | r.  |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are objected to by the Examiner.  |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved.   |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex   | aminer.                                   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)         | )-(d).                               |  |  |  |  |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of the CERTIFI  |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 1. received.   |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 2. received in Application No. (Series Code  | / Serial Number)                          |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 3. received in this National Stage applicatio  | n from the International Bureau (         | (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).                  |  |  |  |  |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of  | of the certified copies not receive       | ed.                                  |  |  |  |  |
| 14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domes   | stic priority under 35 U.S.C. & 11        | 9(e).                                |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  |   |                                      |  |  |  |  |
| 15) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 18) Interview Summa                       | ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s)             |  |  |  |  |
| 16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)   |   | Patent Application (PTO-152)         |  |  |  |  |

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Specification

- 1. The incorporation of essential material in the specification by reference to a foreign application or patent or to a publication is improper. Applicant is required to amend the disclosure to include the material incorporated by reference. The amendment must be accompanied by an affidavit or declaration executed by the applicant, or a practitioner representing the applicant, stating that the amendatory material consists of the same material incorporated by reference in the referencing application. See *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 569, 179 USPQ 157 (CCPA 1973); *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 579, 179 USPQ 163 (CCPA 1973); and *In re Hawkins*, 486 F.2d 577, 179 USPQ 167 (CCPA 1973).
- 2. The attempt to incorporate subject matter into this application by reference to Sambrook, J. et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 1989, vol. 1-3, is improper because said publication is relied upon to provide definitions to terms used in the claims and as such is essential to the understanding and interpretation of the claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

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- 4. Claims 10-32 and 34-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The introduction of the phrase "stringent hybridization conditions" in step (b) in each of claims 10, 21, 30, 40, and 44 raises an issue of new matter as the terms has not been found in the original specification. While the response points to page 9, lines 18-24, of the specification as providing support, a review of said pages finds support for "hybridization conditions" generally, and then said support fails to render the term definite; see the rejection under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, *infra*. Claims 11-20 and 34-39 which depend from claim 10 also are rejected under 35 USC 112, first paragraph, as they include all of he limitations of claim 10, including he new matter.
- 5. Claims 10-32 and 34-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. See the prior Office action for the basis of the rejection.

#### Response to arguments

Argument is advanced that the amendments to the claims have overcome the basis of the rejection and that one of skill in the art would be able to practice the full scope of the invention and as such, the rejection should be withdrawn. While applicant's arguments have been fully considered, they have not been found to be persuasive towards the withdrawal of the rejection. It is noted that applicant relies upon the decision in *Genentech vs. Novo Nordisk*, A/S. Said

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decision has been viewed and has not been found to support the position that the rejection should be withdrawn. To the contrary of applicant's position, the decision in *Genentech* has been found to support the position that the aspect of a specification failing to disclose aspects of the invention should be left to that which is inconsequential. As set forth in the decision of the Court:

"'[T]o be enabling, the specification of a patent must teach those skilled in the art how to make and use the full scope of the claimed invention without undue experimentation.' In re Wright 999 F.2d 1557, 1561, 27 USPQ2d 1510, 1513 (Fed. Cir. 1993); see also Amgen Inc. v. Chugai Pharms. Co., 927 F. 2d 1200, 1212, 18 USPQ2d 1016, 1026 (Fed Cir. 1991); In re Fisher, 427 F. 2d 833, 166 USPQ 18, 24 (CCPA 1970) ('[T]he scope of the claims must bear a reasonable correlation to the scope of enablement provided by the specification to persons of ordinary skill in the art.').

\*\*\*\*

"Patent protection is granted in return for an enabling disclosure of an invention, not for vague intimations of general ideas that may or may not be workable. See Brenner v. Manson, 383 U.S. 519, 536, 148 USPQ 689, 696 (1966) (starting, in context of the utility requirement, that 'a patent is not a hunting license. It is not a reward for the search, but compensation for its successful conclusion.') Tossing out the mere germ of an idea does not constitute enabling disclosure. While every aspect of a generic claim certainly need not have been carried out by an inventor, or exemplified in the specification, reasonable detail must be provided in order to enable members of the public to understand and carry out the invention. "It is true . . . that a specification need not disclose what is well known in the art. See, e.g., Hybritech, Inc. v. Monoclonal Antibodies, Inc., 802 F.2d 1367, 1385, 231 USPQ 81, 94 (Fed. Cir. 1986). However, that general, oft-repeated statement is merely a rule of supplementation, not a substitute for a basic enabling disclosure. It means that the omission of minor details does not cause a specification to fail to meet the enablement requirement. However, when there is no disclosure of any specific starting material or any of the conditions under which a process can be carried out, undue experimentation is required; there is a failure to meet the enablement requirement that cannot be rectified by asserting that all the disclosure related to the process is within the skill of the art. It is the specification, not the knowledge of one skill in the art, that must supply the novel aspects of an invention in order to constitute adequate enablement. This specification provides only a starting point, a direction for further research.

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As set forth in the prior Office action, the claimed invention is directed to an area of biochemical reaction akin to that found in physiological environments. The court has recognized such an area of technology as being highly unpredictable and deserving of greater levels of disclosure:

Further, the claimed invention relates directly to matters of physiology and chemistry, which are inherently unpredictable and as such, require greater levels of enablement. As noted in *In re Fisher* 166 USPQ 18 (CCPA, 1970):

In cases involving predictable factors, such as that, once imagined, other embodiments can be made without difficulty and their performance characteristics predicted by resort to known scientific laws. In cases involving unpredictable factors, such as most chemical reactions and physiological activity, the scope of enablement obviously varies inversely with the degree of unpredictability of the factors involved.

Accordingly, the reliance of the public, not the disclosure, to provide the requisite teachings as to how the claimed invention is to be practiced, for its full scope, is inappropriate and would require the public to engage in undue experimentation. Therefore, and in the absence of convincing evidence to the contrary, the rejection is maintained.

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. Claims 10-32 and 34-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 10-32 and 34-49 are indefinite with respect to what constitutes "stringent hybridization conditions."

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- 8. The term "short probes" in claims 15, 24, 34, 43, and 49, is a relative term that renders the claim indefinite. The term "short probes" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. Claims 19 and 20, which depend from claim 15, fail to overcome this issue and are similarly indefinite.
- 9. The term "stable" in claim 15, 24, 34, 43, and 49 is a relative term that renders the claim indefinite. The term "stable" is not defined by the claim, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

#### Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley L. Sisson whose telephone number is (703) 308-3978. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, W Gary Jones can be reached on (703) 308-1152. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3592 for regular communications and (703) 308-0294 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Bradley L. Sisson Primary Examiner Art Unit 1655

BLS November 6, 2000